

Full Case Assignments II - Part One

Hey, everybody. In this presentation, we're going to go over the second round of case assignments.



Part 1

27 y.o. Male with CC: Variety of complaints that started after course of Cipro taken at age 21.

Anxiety w/panic (esp. when exposed to gluten), brain fog, constipation, bloating, insomnia, fatigue, itchy skin (esp. when sweats), mild tremors, poor exercise recovery, dizziness, dry hair, hair loss.

On gluten- and dairy-free diet.

The first case we'll call "Danny," a 27-year-old male with a variety of complaints actually that started after taking a course of Cipro at age 21. He has anxiety with panic, especially when he is exposed to gluten; brain fog; constipation; bloating; insomnia; fatigue; itchy skin, especially when he sweats; mild tremors; poor exercise recovery; dizziness; dry hair; and hair loss. He was currently on a gluten- and dairy-free diet.

Two things you should be thinking about right off the bat given his symptoms would be gut, brain, and skin axis, since that is the primary axis that all of his symptoms are manifesting on, and thyroid because of the dry hair, hair loss, bloating, constipation, and the brain fog.



Please check the appropriate number on all questions below. 0 as least/never	to 3 as most/always
Category I	0 1 2 3
Feeling that bowels do not empty completely	000
Lower abdominal pain relieved by passing stool or gas	0 0 0 0
Alternating constipation and diarrhea	0 0 0 0
Diarrhea	0 0 0 0
Constipation	0 0 0
Hard, dry, or small stool	0 0 0 0
Coated tongue or "fuzzy" debris on tongue	0000
Pass large amount of foul-smelling gas	0 0 0 0
More than 3 bowel movements daily	0 0 0 0
Use laxatives frequently	0 0 0 0
Category II	0 1 2 3
Excessive belching, burping, or bloating	0 0 0 0
Gas immediately following a meal	0 0 0 0
Offensive breath	0 0 0 0
Difficult bowel movement	0 0 0
Sense of fullness during and after meals	0 0 0
Difficulty digesting fruits and vegetables; undigested food found in stools	000
Category III	0 1 2 3
Stomach pain, burning, or aching 1-4 hours after eating	0 0 0 0
Use antacids	0 0 0 0
Feel hungry an hour or two after eating	0 0 0
Heartburn when lying down or bending forward	0 0 0
Temporary relief by using antacids, food, milk, or carbonated beverages	0 0 0 0
Digestive problems subside with rest and relaxation Heartburn due to spicy foods, chocolate, citrus, peppers, alcohol, and caffeine	• 0 0 0



Indigestion and fullness last 2-4 hours after eating	0 0 0 0
Pain, tenderness, soreness on left side under rib cage	• 0 0 0
Excessive passage of gas	0 0 0 0
Nausea and/or vomiting	• 0 0 0
Stool undigested, foul smelling, mucous like, greasy, or poorly formed	0 0 0 0
Frequent urination	0 0 0 0
Increased thirst and appetite	0 0 0 0
Category V	0 1 2 3
Greasy or high-fat foods cause distress	• 0 0 0
Lower bowel gas and/or bloating several hours after eating	0 0 0 0
Bitter metallic taste in mouth, especially in the morning	0 0 0 0
Burpy, fishy taste after consuming fish oils	0 0 0 0
Difficulty losing weight	0 0 0 0
Unexplained itchy skin	0 0 0 0
Yellowish cast to eyes	0 0 0 0
Stool color alternates from clay colored to normal brown	0 0 0 0
Reddened skin, especially palms	0 0 0 0
Dry or flaky skin and/or hair	0 0 0 0
History of gallbladder attacks or stones	• 0 0 0
Have you had your gallbladder removed?	Yes O No
Have you had your gallbladder removed? Category VI	Yes No 0 1 2 3
Category VI	
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin	
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss	
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating	
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason	
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason Hormone imbalances	
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason Hormone imbalances Weight gain	
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason Hormone imbalances Weight gain Poor bowel function Excessively foul-smelling sweat Category VII	
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason Hormone imbalances Weight gain Poor bowel function Excessively foul-smelling sweat	0 1 2 3 0
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason Hormone imbalances Weight gain Poor bowel function Excessively foul-smelling sweat Category VII	0 1 2 3 0
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason Hormone imbalances Weight gain Poor bowel function Excessively foul-smelling sweat Category VII Crave sweets during the day	0 1 2 3 0
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason Hormone imbalances Weight gain Poor bowel function Excessively foul-smelling sweat Category VII Crave sweets during the day Irritable if meals are missed	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason Hormone imbalances Weight gain Poor bowel function Excessively foul-smelling sweat Category VII Crave sweets during the day Irritable if meals are missed Depend on coffee to keep going/get started	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Category VI Acne and unhealthy skin Excessive hair loss Overall sense of bloating Bodily swelling for no reason Hormone imbalances Weight gain Poor bowel function Excessively foul-smelling sweat Category VII Crave sweets during the day Irritable if meals are missed Depend on coffee to keep going/get started Get light-headed if meals are missed	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3

Chief complaints didn't show up on the form here. I'm not sure why. He either omitted them, or there was a glitch, but there are plenty of GI symptoms in Categories I through IV. Also gallbladder and liver symptoms in Categories V and VI. A whole lot going on in those areas, which fits with his symptoms. Several symptoms in blood sugar Category VII as well as Category VIII.



Agitated, easily upset, nervous	0 0 0 0
Poor memory/forgetful	0 0 0 •
Blurred vision	0 0 0 0
Category VIII	0 1 2 3
Fatigue after meals	0 0 0
Crave sweets during the day	0 0 0 0
Eating sweets does not relieve cravings for sugar	0 0 0 0
Must have sweets after meals	0 0 0 0
Waist girth is equal or larger than hip girth	0 0 0 0
Frequent urination	0000
Increased thirst and appetite	0 0 0 0
Difficulty losing weight	0 0 0 0
Category IX	0 1 2 3
Cannot stay asleep	0 0 0 •
Crave salt	0 0 0 0
Slow starter in the morning	0 0 0 0
Afternoon fatigue	0 0 0 0
Dizziness when standing up quickly	0 0 0 •
Afternoon headaches	• 0 0 0
Headaches with exertion or stress	• 0 0 0
Weak nails	0 0 0 0
Category X	0 1 2 3
Cannot fall asleep	• 0 0 0
Perspire easily	0 0 0 •
Under high amount of stress	0 0 0 0
Weight gain when under stress	0 • 0 0
Wake up tired even after 6 or more hours of sleep	0 0 0 •
Excessive perspiration or perspiration with little or no activity	0 0 0 •
Category XI	0 1 2 3
Edema and swelling in ankles and wrists	• 0 0 0
Muscle cramping	• 0 0 0
Poor muscle endurance	0 0 0 0
Frequent urination	0 0 0 0
Frequent thirst	0 0 0 0
Crave salt	• 0 0 0
Abnormal sweating from minimal activity	0 0 0 0



Alteration in bowel regularity	0 0 0 0
Inability to hold breath for long periods	0 0 0 0
Shallow, rapid breathing	0 0 0 0
Category XII	0 1 2 3
Tired/sluggish	0 0 0 0
Feel cold?hands, feet, all over	0 0 0 0
Require excessive amounts of sleep to function properly	0 0 0 0
Increase in weight even with low calorie diet	0 0 0 0
Gain weight easily	0 0 0 0
Difficult, infrequent bowel movements	0 0 0 0
Depression/lack of motivation	0 0 0 0
Morning headaches that wear off as the day progresses	• 0 0 0
Outer third of eyebrow thins	• 0 0 0
Thinning of hair on scalp, face, or genitals, or excessive hair loss	0 0 0 0
Dryness of skin and/or scalp	0 0 0 0
Mental sluggishness	0 0 0
Category XIII	0 1 2 3
Heart palpitations	0 0 0 0
Inward trembling	0 0 0 0
Increased pulse even at rest	• 0 0 0
Nervous and emotional	0 0 0
Insomnia	0 0 0
Night sweats	0 0 0
Difficulty gaining weight	0 0 0
Category XIV	0 1 2 3
Diminished sex drive	0 0 0
Menstrual disorders or lack of menstruation	0 0 0 0
Increased ability to eat sugars without symptoms	0 0 0 0
Category XV	0 1 2 3
Increased sex drive	0000
Tolerance to sugars reduced	• 0 0 0
"Splitting" - type headaches	• 0 0 0
Category XVI (Males Only)	0 1 2 3
Urination difficulty or dribbling	0 0 0 0
Frequent urination	0 0 0 0
Pain inside of legs or heels	0 0 0

Then, he has a lot going on in HPA axis, CVD heart, thyroid, and pituitary, again not surprising given his symptoms.



Feeling of incomplete bowel emptying	0000
Leg twitching at night	0 0 0 0
Category XVII (Males Only)	0 1 2 3
Decreased libido	0 0 0 0
Decreased number of spontaneous morning erections	0 0 0 0
Decreased fullness of erections	0 0 0 0
Difficulty maintaining morning erections	0 0 • 0
Spells of mental fatigue	0 0 0 •
Inability to concentrate	0 0 0 0
Episodes of depression	0 0 0 0
Muscle soreness	0 0 0 0
Decreased physical stamina	0 0 0 0
Unexplained weight gain	0 0 0
Increase in fat distribution around chest and hips	0 0 0 0
Sweating attacks	0 0 0
More emotional than in the past	0 0 0
Category XVIII (Menstruating Females Only)	0 1 2 3
Perimenopausal	○ Yes ○ No
Alternating menstrual cycle lengths	Yes No
Extended menstrual cycle (greater than 32 days)	Yes No
Shortened menstrual cycle (less than 24 days)	Yes No
Pain and cramping during periods	0 0 0 0
Scanty blood flow	0 0 0 0
Heavy blood flow	0 0 0 0
Breast pain and swelling during menses	0 0 0 0
Pelvic pain during menses	0 0 0 0
Irritable and depressed during menses	0 0 0 0
Acne	0 0 0 0
	0 0 0 0
Facial hair growth	0 0 0 0
Hair loss/thinning	0 0 0 0
Category XIX (Menopausal Females Only)	0 1 2 3
How many years have you been menopausal?	years
Since menopause, do you ever have uterine bleeding	Yes No
Hot flashes	0 0 0 0
Mental fogginess	0 0 0 0
Disinterest in sex	0 0 0 0

The biggest category of symptoms, though, by far is the male hormone category. You can see he has 3s for nearly every symptom and 2s for the ones that he didn't mark 3s in.



Mood swings	0 0 0 0
Depression	0 0 0 0
Painful intercourse	0 0 0 0
Shrinking breasts	0 0 0 0
Facial hair growth	0000
Acne	0 0 0 0
Increased vaginal pain, dryness, or itching	0 0 0 0
6 How many alcoholic beverages do you consume per	1 How many caffeinated beverages do you consume per day?
5 How many times do you eat out per week?	O How many times a week do you eat raw nuts or seeds?
How many times a week do you eat fish?	4 How many times a week do you workout?
List the three worst foods you eat during the average week: com m	
List the three healthiest foods you eat during the average week: QUA	acamole , chicken , spinach
Do you smoke? Yes No	
Do you currently have mercury amalgams (fillings) Yes No	
Have you had mercury amalgam fillings removed in the past? Yes	I ☑ No
	_
Have you had mercury amalgam fillings removed in the past? Yes Rate your levels of stress on a scale of 1-10 during the average week: Please list any medications you currently take and for what conditions:	[Select]
	[Select]
Rate your levels of stress on a scale of 1-10 during the average week: Please list any medications you currently take and for what conditions:	[Select] ©

He drinks about one alcoholic beverage a day and eats out five times a week, which may not be ideal given his symptoms. He has no mercury amalgams. He is not taking any medications, just taking a few maintenance kind of supplements such as vitamin D, magnesium, vitamin C, alphalipoic acid, and selenium.



Indicate the frequency with which you eat the following foods by marking in the appropriate box. FREQUENT= at least once a day, OFTEN= several times per week, OCCASIONAL= once a week or less, SELDOM= once or twice a month or less, NEVER= total avoidance. Frequent Often Occas. Seldom Never Alcoholic Beverages 0 Eat Out at Restaurants 0 Pastries, Cookies, Candy, Ice Cream and Other Sweets 0 White Flour: Bread, Pasta, Pancakes, Crackers, Muffins, etc. 0 Add Sugar to Coffee, Tea, Cereals, or Other Foods 0 Sodas or Soft Drinks 0 Diet Soft Drinks 0 0 Fruit Juices Artificial Sweeteners (NutraSweet, Saccharin, etc) Natural Sweeteners (Honey, Maple Syrup, Agave, etc) 0 Breakfast Cereals (Hot or Cold) 0 Packaged Foods: Chips, Crackers, Puffs, Pretzels 0 Vegetable Oils (Sunflower, Safflower, Canola, Corn, Soy) 0 0 Margarine or Tub Vegetable Oil Spreads 0 0 0 Deep-Fried Foods 0 0 0 Olive Oil 0 Avocados 0 Saturated Fats (Butter, Ghee, Lard, Coconut, Palm, Tallow) 0 0 Fatty Fish (Salmon, Mackerel, Sardines, Herring) 0 0 Nuts and Seeds, Nut/Seed Butters 0 Pasteurized Dairy (Check: Nonfat, Low-Fat, 0 Raw Dairy Products (Check: Nonfat, Low-Fat, 0 0 0 Whole) Fermented Dairy Products (Yogurt, Kefir, Cheese) 0 Eggs (Check: V Free-Range, V Pastured, V Organic, or Conventional) Poultry or Fowl (Chicken, Turkey, Duck, etc) 0 0 0 0 Pork ٥ Red Meat (Beef, Lamb) 0 0 Processed Meats (Bacon, Sausage, Salami, Ham, etc) Organ Meats (Liver, Kidney, Sweetbreads, etc) 0

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0

Soy Products (Tofu, Tempeh, Soy Milk, Edamame)



Salads, Uncooked Vegetables		0	0	0	0	0
Fermented Vegetables (Sauerkraut, Kim	Chi, etc)		0	0	0	
Non-Starchy Vegetables (Greens, Squas		0	0		0	0
Starchy Vegetables (Potatoes, Yams, Sw		0	0	0		0
Fresh Fruits	out r duiscoy	0	0	0		0
Beans and Legumes		0	0	0	0	0
	Mhaat Chtan	0	•	0	0	0
Whole Grains and Whole Grain Breads (0	0	0	0	0
Alternative Grains (Quinoa, Buckwheat,	Teff, etc)	0	0	0	0	0
Herbs and Spices (Fresh or Dried)		0	0	0	0	0
Chocolate (Check: Milk or Dark)		0	0	0	0	0
Herbal Teas		0	0	0	0	0
Coffee (Check: Regular or Deca	ffeinated)	0	•	0	0	0
Caffeinated Teas (Check: Black or	Green)	0	0	0	0	0
Salt (Check: I lodized or Sea Salt)	0	0	0	0	0
☐ Diabetic ADA	☐ Vegan					
☐ Diabetic ADA	☐ Vegan					
Diabetic ADADairy-free	☐ Vegan☐ Paleo					
Dairy-freeGluten-free	□ Paleo □ GAPS	ree for 2	years. Glute	en free for 5		
Dairy-free	Paleo GAPS Dairy from it? For example: 80/20, on intentionally cross conere without a gluten free	r all the tin taminate e menu	ne, except cert ed by a resta	tain holidays	evoid that at	all costs to
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Dairy-free Cluten-free Cyou checked any, how long have you be a checked any, how strictly are you gluten free 100% unless I am ut the point that I hardly eat anywhole as check any and all boxes below the Eat while driving, in front of a Transking Irregular eating habits (eating etc) Eat late at night Time constraints Eat more than 50% meals aware	Paleo GAPS Deen on this diet? Dairy from it? For example: 80/20, on intentionally cross concere without a gluten free mat describe your current eat of vor computer, or multiplications, portion sizes, any from home	r all the tin taminate e menu ting styles: 2 Fas: 2 Eat	ne, except cert and by a resta st eater t too much t in the middle evel Frequent n't care to ce	e of the night	learned nostly for fuel	or calories

He has been dairy-free for two years and gluten-free for five years. He doesn't cook much. He eats late at night. He has irregular eating habits, and you may need to address this given his GI complaints.



Emotional eater (when sad, bored)	 Have a negative relationship to food
Diet often for weight control	 Struggle with eating issues or history of eating disorders
Eat too much or too little under stress	
dditional Comments	



O December	a bright broadest flooring and the control flooring and the
) Describe	a typical breakfast (including what time you eat it).
Green	shake - 9 AM: Cucumber, Celery, Spinach, Pear
t) Do you h	nave a morning snack? Yes O No Sometimes
3) Describe	a typical lunch (including what time you eat it).
I will eit	her eat out at somewhere that is gluten free like Chipotle or I'll eat some rice based meal.
l) Do you h	nave an afternoon snack? Yes No Sometimes
Someti	mes chips. My diet varies greatly depending on how much time I have and what my schedule looks like.
5) Describe	a typical dinner (including what time you eat it).
	al dinner could be some sort of com cake with a filling such as meat/chicken/egg. These meals are high in fat and very filling as I play a lot of sports
5) Do you e	nat a bedtime snack? Yes No Sometimes
Anythin	g with sugar or something filling like chips or
	hat dessert after: iunch? identify interest in
Depend	ds how filling the dinner was but sometimes I will have a banana
	wake up hungry in the middle of the night? Yes Sometimes ueat? What do you eat?
I don't e	eat in the middle of the night
Additional	Comments
morning	varies greatly and I don't notice very real changes in how I feel unless I add the green shake in the g. The only thing that is almost 100% is gluten free / dairy free. Within that I will eat things that are high ies like bacon and eggs and rice/guacamole/beans etc.

He is a single male living in a big city. He buys prepackaged meals. He doesn't cook a lot. He has a green shake for breakfast, which is probably not optimal for energy levels and thyroid. He eats lunch out. Typically he has a rice-based meal, again also probably not optimal. He has chips for an afternoon snack. Dinner looks okay, but he has sugar for a bedtime snack often. Once again, the dietary survey can be very revealing because even when people during the initial consult or on the questionnaire mark that they have a decent diet, when you see what they are actually eating throughout the day, there is often quite a bit of room for improvement.



ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE			
Please answer the following questions:			
	Yes	No	Unknown
1) Do you have exposure to the interior building of a water damaged building and/or microbial growth? If yes, please answette next three (3) questions:	. 0	0	•
a. Do you have samples/evidence of spore or genus and species of fungus (air test, ERMI test, etc.)	0	0	0
b. Is there visible microbial growth (mold)?	0	0	0
c. Is there a presence of musty smells?	0	0	0
2) Do you remember a tick bite occurring before your illness beginning? If yes, please answer the next two (2) questions:	0	0	0
a. Did you have an unexplained rash after the bite?	0	0	0
b. Did you experience flu-like illness after the bite?	0	0	0
3) Have you had a brown recluse or other poisonous spider bite? If yes:	0	0	0
a. Did you experience flu-like illness after the bite?	0	0	0
4) Did you become ill after eating fish?	0	0	0
5) Did you become ill after exposure to a body of fresh water?	\circ	0	0
6) Did you become ill after exposure to the ocean during a 'Red Tide' or other bloom?	0	0	0
7) Did you become ill after exposure to an estuary fish kill?	0	0	0
8) Did you become ill after exposure to a closed shell fish bed area?	\circ	0	0
ASSOCIATED ILLNESSES			
Please mark yes or no:			
Illness	Yes		No
Tick borne Illness	0		0
Lyme Disease	0		0
Fibromyalgia	0		0
Chronic Fatigue Syndrome	0		0
Gulf War Syndrome	0		0
Chemical Sensitivity	0		0
Sick Building Syndrome	0		0
Fungus or Mycotoxicosis	0		0
Depression	0		0
Chronic Soft Tissue Injury	0		0
Irritable Bowel Syndrome	0		0
Bacteria	0		0
Bell's Palsy	0		0
Pflesteria	0		0



Sensory Neural Hearing Loss	0	0
Ciguatera Seafood Poisoning	0	0
Any Learning Disability	0	•
Autism	0	•
Attention Deficit Disorder	0	•
Charcot Marie Tooth Syndrome	0	•
Alzheimer's Disease	0	•
Parkinson's Disease	0	0
Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis	0	0
Multiple Sclerosis	0	•
Diabetes	0	0
Ocular Disease (e.g., cataract)	0	0
Retinal Disease (e.g., glaucoma)	0	0
Low Vision or Blindness	0	0
Another Condition Involving Neurological Function	0	0

Environmental exposure: Here, he says there is a presence of musty smells, and that is definitely something to follow up on. Our noses are very sensitive. Even professional mold inspectors or indoor environmental professionals will tell you that if they walk into a building, and it smells musty or moldy, that is about all the testing they need to do. Of course, they need to do further testing to find out where the source of that is, but they will say that that is a very reliable indicator for whether a building has been water damaged.



The single most important criteria for effective case management is a comprehensive and detailed health history. Please answer the following questions with as much detail as possible. It is important for me to know everything about you and your case. Even when you feel the questions may not be directly relevant to your situation, please do your best to answer them.

It takes tremendous time and energy for any healthcare provider to manage a complicated case. My practice is limited to a small number of patients and therefore the case review process is very important.

instructions: Please type answers to the following questions with as much detail as possible. Please answer each question independently.

HEALTH HISTORY QUESTIONS

1) Please list the following

Education: Bachelors in Engineering

Profession: Civil Engineer Interests (sports, hobbies, etc.):

I like tennis, soccer, golf, basketball, and trading stocks and futures.

2) List your chief complaints in order of your importance:

Tired, brain fog, weak muscles, lack of vitality

3) List all diagnoses given to you in a timeline sequence and your personal opinions about them.

2012 Diagnosed with IBS - I think this is an excuse diagnosis by people that don't know what causes it.

4) What's your opinion on what has happened to your health?

I took Ciprofloxacin in 2010 and it destroyed my gut flora and exposed a gluten/dairy intolerance that I have had since I was younger. Still haven't gotten my gut flora back to before.

5) List any treatments, medications, or supplements that have improved your health.

Vitamins and Minerals - Magnesium, D, C, Fish Oil Diet - Gluten free/Dairy free

6) List any treatments, medications, or supplements that have caused reactions or decreased your health.

High dose methylated B vitamins

7) List in a timeline sequence any medical procedures or surgeries you have had:

2006 - Wisdom teeth removed

PERSONAL OPINION QUESTIONS

Please do not answer "I don't know" to any of these questions.

1) Why do you think healthcare practitioners have failed with your case?

Due to the fact that they treat symptoms instead of root causes

2) What are you looking for in a healthcare practitioner?

Someone that is knowledgeable/practical and forward thinking.



3) What do you co	onsider a realistic window of time to see changes in your health under our care?
As long as it	takes. I would like it to take less than a month.
4) Are you prepare condition?	ed to pay for the laboratory testing, consulting fees and nutritional supplements that may be required to successfully manage your
Yes	
5) On a scale of 1	to 10, how committed are you to recovering your health? 10 Why?
It's affecting	my life in a way that makes it almost impossible to function as a normal adult
3) What obstacles	or beliefs, if any, stand in the way of you recovering your health?
Obstacles andiets	re personal discipline due to the sometimes very strict treatments required i.e. Autoimmune Paleo
7) Are there emoti	onal or psychological issues that may be contributing to your health problems? If so, please explain them briefly.
Yes - the str	ess of not being exactly where I would like my life to be at this age.
B) Do you enjoy yo	our work? Do you believe your work contributes to your health problems?
No I do not e	enjoy my work. I am changing jobs.
9) Do you have a	purpose in life?
I'm figuring t	hat one out as I go
10) Where else do	you find support? Friends? Church or religious group? Nature?
Family - Mor	m and Dad
11) How did you fe	pel about answering all of these questions and the case review process?
	h rather someone ask too many questions than too few

On the health history questions, he lists fatigue, brain fog, weak muscles, and lack of vitality as main complaints. He was diagnosed with IBS in 2012. I think that is a relatively meaningless diagnosis, as we've discussed, but it tells you that he has had these symptoms since then. He believes a course of Cipro in 2010 destroyed his gut flora and his health. That is possible, unfortunately. Even a single course of broad-spectrum antibiotic such as Cipro can cause permanent changes in the gut flora. The clinical impact of those changes is somewhat unclear, but I think it tends to vary in people depending on what their gut flora was like prior to taking the antibiotic. I've definitely seen, unfortunately, patients who had a pretty severe and dramatic response to even a single course of an antibiotic that apparently preceded most of their health problems.

Methylated vitamins that he has tried in the past have decreased his health, so you would want to pay attention to that. Other vitamins and minerals, gluten- and dairy-free diet have improved his health. He expects changes in less than a month, so that is something you may want to discuss



with him. Certainly, in some cases, you will see changes in that amount of time, but given the length of time that he has been sick and the variety of his symptoms, you probably are going to want to have a chat with him to discuss his expectations.

Marker	Value	Functional Range	Lab Range
Glucose	79	75 - 90	65 - 99
Hemoglobin A1c	5.3	4.4 - 5.4	4.8 - 5.6
BUN	12	13 – 18	6 - 20
Creatinine	1.36	0.85 – 1.1	0.76 - 1.27
BUN/Creatinine Ratio	9	8 – 19	8 - 19
eGFR if Non-African American	71		> 59
eGFR if African American	82		> 59
Sodium	141	135 – 140	134 - 144
Potassium	4.2	4.0 – 4.5	3.5 - 5.2
Chloride	98	100 – 106	97 - 108
C02	22	25 – 30	18 - 29
Calcium	9.6	9.2 – 10.1	8.7 - 10.2
Protein, total	7.2	6.9 - 7.4	6.0 - 8.5
Albumin	4.6	4.0 - 5.0	3.5 - 5.5
Bilirubin, total	0.7	0.1 – 1.2	0.0 - 1.2
Alkaline Phosphatase	103	42 – 107	39 - 117
AST	30	0 - 25	0 - 40
ALT	38	0 - 26	0 - 44
Vitamin D, 25-hydroxy	60.3	35 - 60	30.0 - 100.0
Cholesterol, total	121	150 - 240	100 - 199
Triglycerides	67	50 – 100	0 - 149
HDL	49	55 – 85	> 39
LDL	59	0 - 175	0 - 99
T. Chol / HDL Ratio	2.5	< 3	0 - 5.0
Triglycerides / HDL Ratio	1.37	< 2	< 3.8
CRP-hs	1.6	< 1.0	0.00 - 4.90
Homocysteine	12.4	< 7.0	0.0 - 15.0
TSH	1.310	0.5 – 2.0	0.45 - 4.50
T3, Free	3.5	2.5 - 4.0	2 - 4.4
T4, Free	1.1	1 - 1.5	0.82 - 1.77
Thyroid – TPO Ab	40		< 9
Thyroid – TGA	3		< 1



Marker	Value	Functional Range	Lab Range
WBC	8.0	5.0 - 8.0	3.4 - 10.8
RBC	5.02	4.4 – 4.9	4.14 - 5.8
Hemoglobin	15.0	14 - 15	12.6 - 17.7
Hematocrit	43.8	40 - 48	37.5 - 51.0
MCV	87	85 – 92	79 - 97
MCH	29.9	27.7 – 32.0	26.6 - 33.0
MCHC	34.2	32 – 35	31.5 - 35.7
RDW	12.9	11.5 – 15.0	12.3 - 15.4
Platelets	274	150 – 415	150 - 379
Neutrophils	63	40 – 60	
Lymphocytes	24	25 – 40	
Monocytes	12	4.0 – 7.0	
Eosinophils	1	0.0 - 3.0	
Basophils	1	0.0 - 3.0	
Bilirubin, Direct	0.2		0 - 0.4
Testosterone, Serum	282		348 - 1197

He had blood work done on his own, so we didn't get all the markers that we had wanted, but it was a good start. Creatinine is high at 1.36. The most likely cause of this is weight training or strength training leading to muscle breakdown, since all of his other kidney markers are normal, but you would want to ask him about that. BUN is slightly below the functional range, not significant, nor are sodium, chloride, and CO₂, which are also just very slightly out of the functional range.

AST and ALT are elevated. Patient is not overweight, and that alone does not rule out nonalcoholic fatty liver disease, but you would definitely want to explore other possibilities. We didn't have an iron panel for him or copper. As I said, he got this blood work elsewhere. Given his symptoms, you may consider hepatitis workup as well. After you've tested iron, copper, and hepatitis screen, you could retest ALT and AST too.

Vitamin D at 60. It is definitely not at a toxic level, especially if he is getting enough vitamin A, but you would want to discuss his supplement dose and consider cutting back.

His total cholesterol is quite low at 121. That could be an issue with his liver, especially since we see AST and ALT are a little bit elevated, so those also could point to a problem with the liver. HDL at 49 is at the low end of the spectrum, but given how low his total cholesterol is, that is probably not a concern.

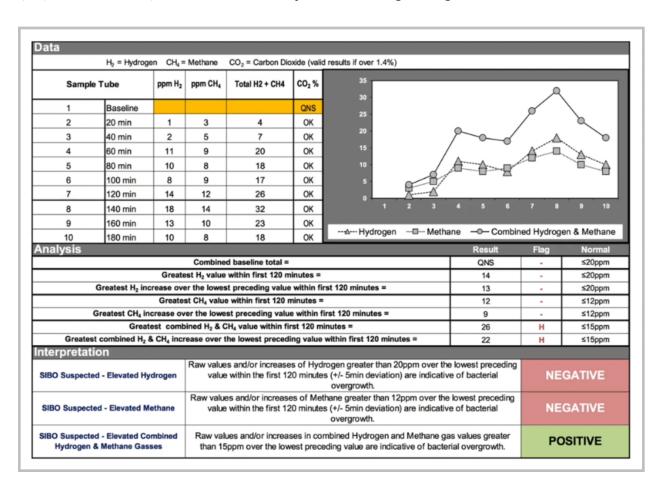
C-reactive protein is 1.6, which is suggestive of inflammation. He has positive thyroid antibodies. He has Hashimoto's, which is, of course, an autoimmune inflammatory condition. The Hashimoto's, as we discussed, can also be a cause of elevated AST or ALT. However, his TSH, free T4, and free T3 are optimal, so Hashimoto's is not yet causing frank hypothyroidism.



Homocysteine is functionally high at 12.4 and actually getting toward the upper end of the lab range. We don't have any B12 or folate markers, so you would need to look at urine MMA and FIGLU.

Red blood cell count is slightly high in the functional range, just very, very slightly. The upper end of the range is 4.9. He is at 5.02, so that is likely not indicative of anything at all. It could be slight dehydration possibly.

Neutrophils, lymphs, and monocytes are slightly out of the functional range. We often see that in patients with autoimmunity such as Hashimoto's. His total testosterone is low. The range is 348 to 1,197, and he is at 282, so that could definitely be contributing to fatigue.



SIBO test results were positive for combined gases, negative for hydrogen, and negative for methane alone. They were also positive if you use the Pimentel criteria for methane. I would say these results are somewhat equivocal, but given his symptoms, I would likely treat.



Comprehensive Stool Analysis / Parasitology x3

BACTERIOLOGY CULTURE

1+ Citrobacter amalonaticus

3+ Gamma hemolytic strep

Expected/Beneficial flora

Commensal (Imbalanced) flora 2+ Bacillus spp

Dysbiotic flora

- 4+ Bacteroides fragilis group
- 1+ Bifidobacterium spp.
- NG Escherichia coli
- 1+ Lactobacillus spp.
- 3+ Enterococcus spp.
- 4+ Clostridium spp.
 - NG = No Growth

BACTERIA INFORMATION

Expected /Beneficial bacteria make up a significant portion of the total microflora in a healthy & balanced GI tract. These beneficial bacteria have many health-protecting effects in the GI tract including manufacturing vitamins, fermenting fibers, digesting proteins and carbohydrates, and propagating anti-tumor and anti-inflammatory factors.

Clostridia are prevalent flora in a healthy intestine. Clostridium spp. should be considered in the context of balance with other expected/beneficial flora. Absence of clostridia or over abundance relative to other expected/beneficial flora indicates bacterial imbalance. If C. difficile associated disease is suspected, a Comprehensive Clostridium culture or toxigenic C. difficile DNA test is recommended.

Commensal (Imbalanced) bacteria are usually neither pathogenic nor beneficial to the host GI tract. Imbalances can occur when there are insufficient levels of beneficial bacteria and increased levels of commensal bacteria. Certain commensal bacteria are reported as dysbiotic at higher levels.

Dysbiotic bacteria consist of known pathogenic bacteria and those that have the potential to cause disease in the GI tract. They can be present due to a number of factors including: consumption of contaminated water or food, exposure to chemicals that are toxic to beneficial bacteria; the use of antibiotics, oral contraceptives or other medications; poor fiber intake and high stress levels.

YEAST CULTURE

Normal flora

1+ Candida krusei

Dysbiotic flora

MICROSCOPIC YEAST

Result: Expected:

None - Rare

The microscopic finding of yeast in the stool is helpful in identifying whether there is proliferation of yeast. Rare yeast may be normal; however, yeast observed in higher amounts (few, moderate, or many) is abnormal.

YEAST INFORMATION

Yeast normally can be found in small quantities in the skin, mouth, intestine and mucocutaneous junctions. Overgrowth of yeast can infect virtually every organ system, leading to an extensive array of clinical manifestations. Fungal diarrhea is associated with broad-spectrum antibiotics or alterations of the patient's immune status. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, cramping and irritation. When investigating the presence of yeast, disparity may exist between culturing and microscopic examination. Yeast are not uniformly dispersed throughout the stool, this may lead to undetectable or low levels of yeast identified by microscopy, despite a cultured amount of yeast. Conversely, microscopic examination may reveal a significant amount of yeast present, but no yeast cultured. Yeast does not always survive transit through the intestines rendering it unviable.



Comprehensive Stool Analysis / Parasitology x3

PARASITOLOGY/MICROSCOPY Sample 1

None Ova or Parasites

Rare WBC

Sample 2

None Ova or Parasites

Sample 3

None Ova or Parasites

PARASITOLOGY INFORMATION

Intestinal parasites are abnormal inhabitants of the gastrointestinal tract that have the potential to cause damage to their host. The presence of any parasite within the intestine generally confirms that the patient has acquired the organism through fecal-oral contamination. Damage to the host includes parasitic burden, migration, blockage and pressure. Immunologic inflammation, hypersensitivity reactions and cytotoxicity also play a large role in the morbidity of these diseases. The infective dose often relates to severity of the disease and repeat encounters can be additive.

There are two main classes of intestinal parasites, they include protozoa and helminths. The protozoa typically have two stages; the trophozoite stage that is the metabolically active, invasive stage and the cyst stage, which is the vegetative inactive form resistant to unfavorable environmental conditions outside the human host. Helminths are large, multicellular organisms. Like protozoa, helminths can be either free-living or parasitic in nature. In their adult form, helminths cannot multiply in humans.

In general, acute manifestations of parasitic infection may involve diarrhea with or without mucus and or blood, fever, nausea, or abdominal pain. However these symptoms do not always occur. Consequently, parasitic infections may not be diagnosed or eradicated. If left untreated, chronic parasitic infections can cause damage to the intestinal lining and can be an unsuspected cause of illness and fatigue. Chronic parasitic infections can also be associated with increased intestinal permeability, irritable bowel syndrome, irregular bowel movements, malabsorption, gastritis or indigestion, skin disorders, joint pain, allergic reactions, and decreased immune function.

In some instances, parasites may enter the circulation and travel to various organs causing severe organ diseases such as liver abscesses and cysticercosis. In addition, some larval migration can cause pneumonia and in rare cases hyper infection syndrome with large numbers of larvae being produced and found in every tissue of the body.

One negative parasitology x1 specimen does not rule out the possibility of parasitic disease, parasitology x3 is recommended. This test is not designed to detect Cyclospora cayetanensis or Microsproridia spp.

GIARDIA/CRYPTOSPORIDIUM IMMUNOASSAY Within Outside Reference Range is a prois pass is pass route. Cryptosporidium Neg Neg Neg Crypto Cryptosporidium Neg Neg can b contact

Giardia duodenalis (AKA intestinalis and lamblia) is a protozoan that infects the small intestine and is passed in stool and spread by the fecal-oral route. Waterborne transmission is the major source of giardiasis.

Cryptosporidium is a coccidian protozoa that can be spread from direct person-to-person contact or waterborne transmission.

Doctor's Data stool test showed no growth for E. coli, only a 1+ for Bifidobacteria and Lactobacillus, which are very important genre, as you know, so this would be insufficiency dysbiosis. He has some commensal imbalance flora. There was 1+ for Candida krusei in the normal floral column. No microscopic yeast on the sample, the microscopy, and no yeast on any of the three other stool samples.



Comprehensi	ve Stool Ar	nalysis I I	Parasitology x3	
			DIGESTION /ABSORPTI	ION
	Within	Outside	Reference Range	Elastase findings can be used for the diagnosis or the exclusion of exocrine pancreatic
Elastase	> 500		> 200 μg/mL	insufficiency. Correlations between low levels and chronic pancreatitis and cancer have been reported. Fat Stain: Microscopic determination
Fat Stain	None		None - Mod	of fecal fat using Sudan IV staining is a qualitative procedure utilized to assess fat absorption and to detect steatorrhea. Muscle
Muscle fibers	None		None - Rare	fibers in the stool are an indicator of incomplete digestion. Bloating, flatulence, feelings of "fullness" may be associated with increase in
Vegetable fibers	None		None - Few	muscle fibers. Vegetable fibers in the stool may be indicative of inadequate chewing, or eating "on the run". Carbohydrates: The presence of
Carbohydrates	Neg		Neg	reducing substances in stool specimens can indicate carbohydrate malabsorption.
			INFLAMMATION	
	Within	Outside	Reference Range	Lactoferrin and Calprotectin are reliable markers for differentiating organic inflammation
Lactoferrin	< 0.5] < 7.3 μg/mL	(IBD) from function symptoms (IBS) and for management of IBD. Monitoring levels of fecal lactoferrin and calprotectin can play an essential
Calprotectin*	< 10		= 50 μg/g	role in determining the effectiveness of therapy, are good predictors of IBD remission, and can indicate a low risk of relapse. Lysozyme* is an
Lysozyme*	399		<= 600 ng/mL	enzyme secreted at the site of inflammation in the GI tract and elevated levels have been identified in IBD patients. White Blood Cells
White Blood Cells	Rare		None - Rare	(WBC) and Mucus in the stool can occur with bacterial and parasitic infections, with mucosal irritation, and inflammatory bowel diseases such
Mucus	Neg		Neg	as Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis.
IMMUNOLOGY				
	Within	Outside	Reference Range	Secretory IgA* (slgA) is secreted by mucosa tissue and represents the first line of defense of the GI mucosa and is central to the normal
Secretory IgA*	70.3		51 - 204 mg/dL	function of the GI tract as an immune barrier Elevated levels of slgA have been associated with an upregulated immune response.



Comprehensive Stool Analysis / Parasitology x3 SHORT CHAIN FATTY ACIDS Within Outside Reference Range Short chain fatty acids (SCFAs): SCFAs are the end product of the bacterial fermentation process of dietary fiber by beneficial flora in the % Acetate 54 40 - 75 % gut and play an important role in the health of the GI as well as protecting against intestinal dysbiosis. Lactobacilli and bifidobacteria produce % Propionate 11 - 29 large amounts of short chain fatty acids, which decrease the pH of the intestines and therefore make the environment unsuitable for pathogens, % Butyrate 32 - 37 including bacteria and yeast. Studies have shown that SCFAs have numerous implications in maintaining gut physiology. SCFAs decrease % Valerate 0.5 - 7 % 2.5 inflammation, stimulate healing, and contribute to normal cell metabolism and differentiation. Levels of Butyrate and Total SCFA in mg/mL are Butyrate 0.8 - 4.8 mg/mL important for assessing overall SCFA production, and are reflective of beneficial flora levels and/or adequate fiber intake. Total SCFA's 17 - 18 mg/mL INTESTINAL HEALTH MARKERS Red Blood Cells (RBC) in the stool may be Within Outside Reference Range associated with a parasitic or bacterial infection, or an inflammatory bowel condition such as ulcerative colitis. Colorectal cancer, anal fistulas, Red Blood Cells None - Rare None and hemorrhoids should also be ruled out. pH: Fecal pH is largely dependent on the 6.0 6-7.8 pΗ fermentation of fiber by the beneficial flora of the gut. Occult blood: A positive occult blood indicates Occult Blood Neg the presence of free hemoglobin found in the stool, which is released when red blood cells are lysed. MACROSCOPIC APPEARANCE Color: Stool is normally brown because of Expected Appearance pigments formed by bacteria acting on bile introduced into the digestive system from the liver. While certain conditions can cause Color Green Brown changes in stool color, many changes are harmless and are caused by pigments in foods or dietary supplements. Consistency: Stool Formed/Soft Soft normally contains about 75% water and ideally Consistency should be formed and soft. Stool consistency can vary based upon transit time and water absorption.

The rest of the Doctor's Data was all normal except for butyrate actually being slightly high, which is unlikely to be pathological.



GI Pathogen Screen - 401

Microscopy				
	Sample I	Sample II	Sample III	
Ova/Parasites	No Ova/Parasites Found	No Ova/Parasites Found	No Ova/Parasites Found	
Trichrome Stain	No Ova/Parasites Found	No Ova/Parasites Found	No Ova/Parasites Found	
Yeast	No yeast found	No yeast found	No yeast found	

Each stool sample was prepared for microscopic evaluation on wet mount and trichrome stains, utilizing resource-intensive techniques to aid in the analysis and detection of organisms. Yeast, when visibly identified, is reported in terms of predominance on the sample. If 'QNS' is reported, the patient's sample was inadequate for testing purposes.

Antigens

Cryptosporidium parvum NOT DETECTED
Giardia lamblia NOT DETECTED

Stool antigen tests are widely used for their non-invasive nature, high sensitivity, and high specificity. Detection of antigens on the surface of organisms in stool specimens is the current test of choice for pathogen diagnosis and provides increased sensitivity over more common microscopy techniques, while avoiding the false positives of DNA-based methods.

Cultures				
Bacteria	Yeast			
Citrobacter spp.: NG	Candida Spp.: NG			
Enterobacter spp.: NG	Other Yeast Identified: No other yeast identified			
Escherichia coli: +4				
Klebsiella spp.: NG				
Proteus spp.: NG				
Pseudomonas spp.: NG				
Other Bacteria spp. Identified:				
No other bacteria identified				

Organisms grown on culture media are reflexed to manual and/or automated procedures to identify at the species level. The organism amount of growth is reported based on the four quadrants of the plate medium. NG= No Growth. +1 or +2 = Light. +3 = Moderate. +4 = Abundant. If 'QNS' is reported, the patient's sample was inadequate for testing purposes. Standard organisms are listed based on their known prevalence within the patient population, as well as predominance in literature as pathogens and/or causes of autoimmune activity.

Occult Blood

Result: TEST CARD NOT INOCULATED

The occult blood test aims to detect subtle blood loss in the gastrointestinal tract, anywhere from the mouth to the colon. Positive tests may result from either upper or lower gastrointestinal bleeding and warrant further investigation.

The BioHealth stool test was completely normal here.



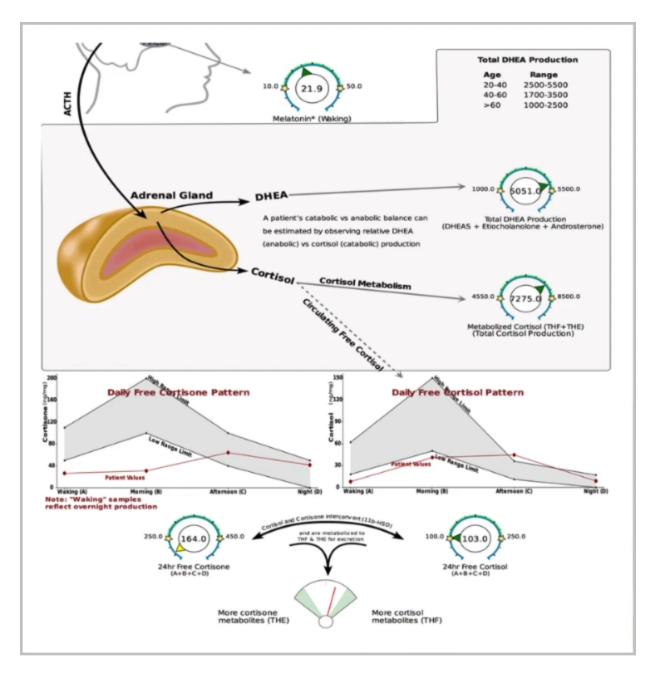
Methodology: LC/Tandem Ma	ss Spectroscopy, Co	lorimetric	
Summary of Abnormal Find	ings		
	Findings	Intervention Options	Common Metabolic Association
Fatty Acid Metabolism No Abnormality Found			
Carbohydrate Metabolism No Abnormality Found			
Energy Production Markers			
Isocitrate	Very Low	Free-form amino acids	Amino Acid insufficiency
B-Complex Vitamin Markers			
Xanthurenate	Very High	B6	Impaired Tryptophan metabolism
Methylation Cofactor Markers			
Formiminoglutamate	High	Folic acid	Tetrahydrofolate insufficiency
Neurotransmitter Metabolism M	Markers		
Vanilmandelate	Low	Tyrosine, Phenylalanine	Epi- & Norepinephrine turnover inhibition
Kynurenate	High	B6	Receptor antagonist
Oxidative Damage and Antioxid	dant Markers		
No Abnormality Found			
Detoxification Indicators			
2-Methylhippurate	High	Glycine	Xylene exposure
Glucarate	High	N-acetylcysteine, Hepatic support	Hepatic Phase I and II detox
a-Hydroxybutyrate	Very High	N-acetylcysteine, other sulfur containing amino acids	Glutathione demand
Bacterial - General			
Phenylacetate	High	Probiotics	Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth
L. acidophilus / general bacteri	a		
rgia Lab Lic. Code #067-007	Testing Dedormed b	y Genova Diagnostics, Inc. 3425 Corporate Way, Dulut	Laboratory Director: Robert M. D

The urine organic acids profile revealed high formiminoglutamic acid, which indicates folate deficiency, so that is the likely cause of the elevated homocysteine that we saw on the blood test. The phenylacetate is high in the bacterial section, which is supportive of the dysbiosis diagnosis. There are a number of other markers that are out of range that we haven't covered in this Level One course. Xanthurenate is very high, which is an indicator of B6 deficiency. I do frequently see that with SIBO because SIBO impairs B vitamin absorption. Kynurenate is also high, which is another marker for B6 deficiency. That is consistent with the SIBO diagnosis. There are several markers of impaired detox capacity and glutathione demand, so there is something happening with toxicity, which again is consistent with his symptoms, and some issues with cellular energy production and neurotransmitter metabolism.



Category	Test		Result	Units	Normal Range
Creatinine					
	Creatinine A (Waking)	Within range	1.84	mg/ml	0.3 - 3
	Creatinine B (Morning)	Within range	0.44	mg/ml	0.3 - 3
	Creatinine C (Afternoon)	Within range	2.16	mg/ml	0.3 - 3
	Creatinine D (Night)	Within range	1.65	mg/ml	0.3 - 3
Daily Free C	ortisol and Cortisone				
	Cortisol A (Waking)	Below range	8.0	ng/mg	18 - 62
	Cortisol B (Morning)	Below range	41.1	ng/mg	50 - 150
	Cortisol C (Afternoon)	Above range	44.6	ng/mg	11 - 36
	Cortisol D (Night)	Within range	8.9	ng/mg	0 - 17
	Cortisone A (Waking)	Below range	26.6	ng/mg	50 - 110
	Cortisone B (Morning)	Below range	31.1	ng/mg	100 - 200
	Cortisone C (Afternoon)	Within range	64.3	ng/mg	40 - 100
	Cortisone D (Night)	High end of range	41.6	ng/mg	0 - 50
	24hr Free Cortisol	Low end of range	103.0	ug	100 - 250
	24hr Free Cortisone	Below range	164.0	ug	250 - 450
Cortisol Met	abolites and DHEAS				
	b-Tetrahydrocortisol (b-THF)	Within range	2956.0	ng/mg	1750 - 3330
	a-Tetrahydrocortisol (a-THF)	Within range	381.0	ng/mg	175 - 520
	b-Tetrahydrocortisone (b-THE)	Within range	3937.0	ng/mg	2350 - 4800
	Metabolized Cortisol (THF+THE)	Within range	7275.0	ng/mg	4550 - 8500
	DHEAS	Within range	714.0	ng/mg	60 - 2000
Melatonin (*	measured as 6-OH-Melatonin-Sulfate	2)			
	Melatonin* (Waking)	Within range	21.9	ng/mg	10 - 50





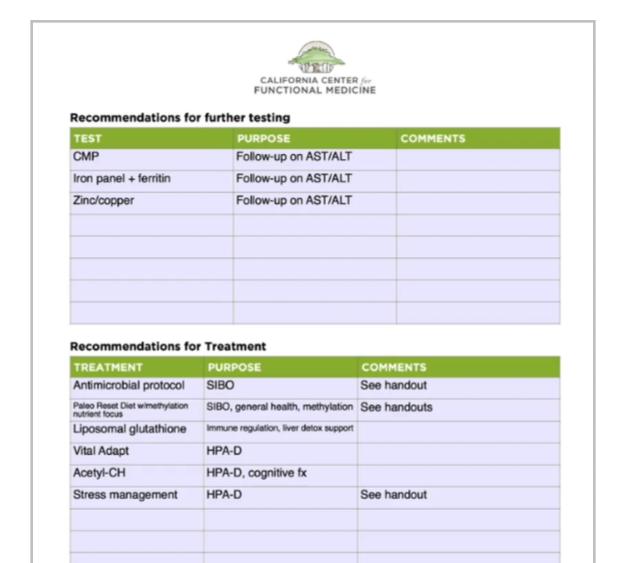
DUTCH test revealed borderline low free cortisol, and free cortisone is frankly low and quite below the low range, so that biases the free cortisol even lower. I would definitely say that this is a low free cortisol picture here. He also has a blunted cortisol and cortisone rhythm with very low morning cortisol and cortisone. If we were to do a cortisol awakening response test on this patient, he would probably have a very blunted rhythm, and as you know from the DUTCH and HPA axis unit, the cortisol awakening response is one of the most strongly supported tests in terms of the evidence behind it in correlating HPA axis dysfunction with disease. I think this is probably playing a significant role in his presentation.



Metabolized cortisol or total cortisol, however, is normal and even at the high-normal part of the range. As you know, one thing that can lead to this is obesity. That is not the case in this patient, but active stress response can also cause depletion of free cortisol with normal or high-normal metabolized cortisol levels.

	CALIFORNIA CENTER for FUNCTIONAL MEDICINE	
CASE	REVIEW REPORT OF F	INDINGS
Patient Name: "Danny"		Date: 10-26-16
Underlying Boston		
Underlying Patterns PATTERN	SUPPORTING MARKERS	COMMENTS
Hashimoto's	Elevated TPO/TGA antibodies	
Inflammation	CRP, AST, ALT, homocysteine	
Impaired liver function	ALT, AST, total cholesterol, Organix	Follow-up testing
Low testosterone	Testosterone, serum	
Impaired methylation	Homocysteine, figlu (Organix)	
SIBO (methane/total gases)	NUNM breath test	
Dysbiosis	DD CSAP, Organix	
HPA axis dysregulation	DUTCH	Low free cortisol, low morning cortison





http://ccfmed.com

Here is the report of findings that I did for Danny. Hashimoto's there at the top with elevated TPO and thyroglobulin antibodies. Inflammation showing up with CRP, AST, ALT, and homocysteine. Impaired liver function with AST, ALT, and maybe a little low total cholesterol and then the markers on the organic acids panel. Low testosterone on the serum test. Impaired methylation because of the homocysteine and the folate deficiency, the FIGLU on the Organix. Probably SIBO because of high methane and combined methane and hydrogen. Dysbiosis on the Doctor's Data stool panel,



the insufficiency dysbiosis, and then the marker on the Organix panel. HPA axis dysregulation with the blunted morning cortisol awakening response.

For follow-up testing, I would like to do a CMP, comprehensive metabolic panel, to get another AST and ALT reading. I would like to get an iron panel and ferritin on him and zinc-to-copper to see if those may be potential causes of the AST and ALT. If AST and ALT are elevated again and iron panel, ferritin, zinc, and copper are normal, I may consider doing hepatitis workup at that time.

For treatment, antimicrobial protocol, which I'll show you in a second. Paleo reset diet with focus on methylation nutrients given his methylation issues. Liposomal glutathione to give him some detox support since there were several markers for that on the organic acids panel. I used Vital Adapt for the HPA axis stuff because the adaptogens can actually increase free cortisol without typically increasing metabolites. I used Acetyl-CH because of the pretty profound disruption in the diurnal rhythm with a really low morning cortisol. Then, of course, stress management handout to help regulate the HPA axis.

Antimicrobial protocol

Nutreceutical	Dosage
GI Synergy	1 packet BID (with breakfast and dinner)
Lauricidin	1 scoop TID (with each meal)
Interfase Plus	3-4 capsules BID (on empty stomach)
PHGG	5 grams/d taken (with dinner)
Prescript Assist	1 BID (upon rising and before bed)
MegaSporeBiotic	1 capsule (with lunch)

With the antimicrobial protocol, we just used the core protocol given that the results were somewhat equivocal and the methane wasn't very low. The problem was primarily insufficiency dysbiosis and maybe mild SIBO. I didn't do any additions to the protocol, and I just suggested he do it for 30 days.