

Optimizing Copper and Zinc Levels

COPPER RECOMMENDED DAILY INTAKE AND SAFE UPPER LIMITS

POPULATION	AMOUNT (mcg)
Infants (0-6 months)	200
Children (7 months-13 years old)	220-700, depending on age
Adolescents (14-18 years old)	890
Adults	900
Pregnant women	1,000
Breastfeeding women	1,300

Upper limit: Currently set at 10 mg/day, but data from carefully performed animal studies suggests an upper limit of closer to 50 mg/day is more reasonable.

ZINC RECOMMENDED DAILY INTAKE

POPULATION	AMOUNT (mg/day)
Infants (0–6 months)	2
Children (7-12 months)	3
Children (1-3 years)	3
Children (4–8 years)	5
Children (9-13 years)	8
Adolescents (14–18 years)	9 (girls); 11 (boys)
Adult men	11
Adult women	8
Pregnant women	11
Breastfeeding women	12

Safe upper limit: 40 mg/day

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TOP DIETARY SOURCES OF COPPER

FOOD	AMOUNT (mg per 200 cal)
Clam	39
Beef/Lamb/Goose Liver	14–17
Oysters	13
Fresh Basil	3
King Crab	2
Sesame Butter	1
Ham	1
Cashews	1
Octopus	1
Chestnuts	1
Chicken Liver	1
Whitefish	1

TOP DIETARY SOURCES OF ZINC

POPULATION	AMOUNT (mg per 200 cal)
Oysters	265
Veal Liver	17
King Crab	16
Lobster	10
Beef, Chuck	10
Lamb, Shank	10
Endive	9
Beef, Brisket	9
Mushrooms, Crimini	8
Broccoli Rabe	7
Bison, Ground	6

Who should supplement?

- Vegetarians, vegans, and those who can't eat copper- or zinc-rich foods
- People with significant copper or zinc deficiency
- People with GI absorption issues

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COPPER SUPPLEMENTATION

POPULATION	AMOUNT (mg)
Low background intake	6-8 mg/d
Moderate background intake	2-4 mg/d
Maintenance dose	1-2 mg/d

ZINC SUPPLEMENTATION

POPULATION	AMOUNT (mg)
Low background intake ¹	Up to 30 mg/d
Moderate background intake ²	Up to 15 mg/d
Maintenance dose ³	10-15 mg/d

¹usually vegetarians/vegans

Best supplement form is zinc glycinate – good absorption and minimal GI side effects.

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²omnivores

³for vegetarians/vegans